



STATEMENT OF INTENT

The safety and welfare of all our pupils at Minerva Education Schools is our highest priority. Our business is to know everyone as an individual and to provide a secure and caring environment so that every pupil can learn in safety. In all matters relating to child protection Eaton Square School will follow the procedures laid down by our own (or where appropriate the relevant child's) Local Safeguarding Children Board (LSCB) which is London Safeguarding Children Board together with DfE guidance contained in Working Together to Safeguard Children (26 March 2015) and Keeping Children Safe in Education: <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/keeping-children-safe-in-education--2> (KCSIE 2016). This policy is applicable to the whole School community.

All members of staff have a duty to safeguard our pupils' welfare and must therefore familiarise themselves and comply at all times with this policy; safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children is everyone's responsibility. This includes a duty both to children in need and to children at risk of harm. All staff should read at least Part 1 of KCSIE. All School staff should be aware that child protection incidents can happen at any time and anywhere and are required to be alert to any possible concerns. The Directors ensure that the following mechanisms are in place to assist staff to understand and discharge their role and responsibilities as set out in Part 1 of KCSIE:

- Regular updates to schools,
- Termly Safeguarding Forums,
- Regular Group Training Sessions.



WHAT IS CHILD ABUSE?

The departmental advice: What to do if you are worried a child is being abused - Advice for Practitioners (<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/what-to-do-if-youre-worried-a-child-is-being-abused--2>) should be referred to by all staff in raising their awareness of and helping them to identify the signs of child abuse. The NSPCC website (<https://www.nspcc.org.uk/preventing-abuse/child-abuse-and-neglect/>) also provides helpful information on types of abuse and what to look out for which staff are encouraged to refer to.

Abuse: a form of maltreatment of a child. Somebody may abuse or neglect a child by inflicting harm, or by failing to act to prevent harm. They may be abused by an adult or adults or another child or children.

Physical abuse: a form of abuse which may involve hitting, shaking, throwing, poisoning, burning or scalding, drowning, suffocating or otherwise causing physical harm to a child. Physical harm may also be caused when a parent or carer fabricates the symptoms of, or deliberately induces, illness in a child. Signs to look out for:

- Unexplained injuries, bruises or marks
- Fear, watchfulness, over-anxiety to please
- Small, round burns or bite marks
- Frequent absences from school

Emotional abuse: the persistent emotional maltreatment of a child such as to cause severe and adverse effects on the child's emotional development. It may involve conveying to a child that they are worthless or unloved, inadequate, or valued only insofar as they meet the needs of another person. It may include not giving the child opportunities to express their views, deliberately silencing them or 'making fun' of what they say or how they communicate. It may feature age or developmentally inappropriate expectations being imposed on children. These may include interactions that are beyond a child's developmental capability as well as overprotection and limitation of exploration and learning, or preventing the child participating in normal social interaction. It may involve seeing or hearing the ill-treatment of another. It may involve serious bullying (including cyberbullying), causing children frequently to feel frightened or in danger, or the exploitation or corruption of children. Some level of emotional abuse is involved in all types of maltreatment of a child, although it may occur alone. Signs to look out for:

- Unexplained gifts of money
- Withdrawn, anxious behaviour, lack of self-confidence
- Self-harm and eating disorders
- Demanding or attention-seeking behaviour
- Unwillingness to communicate
- Repetitive, nervous behaviour such as rocking, hair twisting

Sexual abuse: involves forcing or enticing a child or young person to take part in sexual activities, not necessarily involving a high level of violence, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening. The activities may involve physical contact, including assault by penetration (for example rape or oral sex) or non-penetrative acts such as masturbation, kissing, rubbing and touching outside of clothing. They may also include non-contact activities, such as involving children in looking at, or in the production of, sexual images, watching sexual activities, encouraging children to behave in sexually inappropriate ways, or grooming a child in preparation for abuse (including via the internet). Sexual abuse is not solely perpetrated by adult males. Women can also commit acts of sexual abuse, as can other children. Children who are sexually abused may:

- Stay away from certain people
 - they might avoid being alone with people, such as family members or friends
 - they could seem frightened of a person or reluctant to socialise with them.
- Show sexual behaviour that's inappropriate for their age
 - a child might become sexually active at a young age



- they might be promiscuous
 - they could use sexual language or know information that you wouldn't expect them to.
- Have physical symptoms
 - anal or vaginal soreness
 - an unusual discharge
 - sexually transmitted infection (STI)
 - pregnancy.

Neglect: the persistent failure to meet a child's basic physical and/or psychological needs, likely to result in the serious impairment of the child's health or development. Neglect may occur during pregnancy as a result of maternal substance abuse. Once a child is born, neglect may involve a parent or carer failing to: provide adequate food, clothing and shelter (including exclusion from home or abandonment); protect a child from physical and emotional harm or danger; ensure adequate supervision (including the use of inadequate care-givers); or ensure access to appropriate medical care or treatment. It may also include neglect of, or unresponsiveness to, a child's basic emotional needs. Signs to look out for:

- The child's clothes are often dirty, scruffy or unsuitable for the weather
- No one seeks medical help when the child is ill or hurt
- The child has poor hygiene (smelly, dirty)
- The child is left alone with unsuitable carers.
- The child is thin, pale, lacking in energy
- The child has lots of accidents
- The child is exposed to risks or dangers, such as the home being unsafe or drugs or needles being left around

Annex A of KCSIE should also be referred to by all senior members of staff and those staff working directly with children. Such staff include Teachers, Nursery Staff, Teaching Assistants, Administration Staff and Catering Teams.



OTHER SAFEGUARDING ISSUES

Staff will be made aware that safeguarding issues can manifest themselves in many ways and can often overlap with one another. Some behaviours linked to drug taking, alcohol abuse, truanting, gender based violence and sexting also put children in danger.

Eaton Square School recognises that children are capable of abusing their peers. Eaton Square School's approach to sexting and how this is approached by Eaton Square School is via the PSHME programme, Internet Safety Week and CEOPS work. Eaton Square School also recognises the different gender issues that can be prevalent in peer on peer abuse, for example, girls being sexually touched or boys being subjected to initiation/hazing type violence. All peer on peer abuse will be managed in accordance with this policy and a bullying incident will be treated as a child protection concern where there is reasonable cause to suspect that a child is suffering, or is likely to suffer, significant harm will warrant a response under these procedures rather than Eaton Square School's Anti-Bullying Policy. Abusive behaviour by pupils must be taken seriously. Behaviour should not be dismissed as being normal between young people, as "banter" or simply "part of growing up". Behaviour such as initiation violence or any form of sexual harassment is not acceptable.

A pupil against whom an allegation of abuse has been made may be suspended from Eaton Square School during the investigation. Eaton Square School will take advice from the London Safeguarding Children Board on the investigation of such allegations and will take all appropriate action to ensure the safety and welfare of all pupils involved including the alleged victim and perpetrator. If it is necessary for a pupil to be interviewed by the police in relation to allegations of abuse, Eaton Square School will ensure that, subject to the advice of the London Safeguarding Children Board, parents are informed as soon as possible and that the pupils involved are supported during the interview by an appropriate adult and until the investigation is completed. Confidentiality will be an important consideration for the School and advice will be sought as necessary from the London Safeguarding Children Board or police as appropriate.

Victims and perpetrators of peer on peer abuse will be offered support by Eaton Square School, as appropriate - using, but not exclusively, the Pastoral System.

CHILD'S WISHES

Where there is a safeguarding concern Eaton Square School will ensure the pupil's wishes and feelings are taken into account when determining what action to take and what services to provide. Eaton Square School manages this by pastoral time, student council meeting and tutorial time. The list is not exhaustive. Eaton Square School will operate processes with the best interests of the pupil at their heart.

TRANSPARENCY

Eaton Square School prides itself on its respect and mutual tolerance. Parents/guardians have an important role in supporting ESS. Copies of this policy, together with our other policies relating to issues of child protection are on our website and we hope that parents and guardians will always feel able to take up any issues or worries that they may have with the School. Allegations of child abuse or concerns about the welfare of any child will be dealt with consistently in accordance with this policy. Open communications are essential.



SAFER EMPLOYMENT PRACTICES

Eaton Square School follows the Government's recommendations for the safer recruitment and employment of staff who work with children and acts at all times in compliance with the Independent School Standards Regulations. Please also see the School's recruitment, selection and disclosures policy and procedure, recruitment pack, policy on induction of new staff, governors and volunteers in child protection and staff behaviour policy.

In line with Part 3 of the DfE's guidance 'Keeping Children Safe in Education' (KCSIE 2016), the governing body prevents people who pose a risk of harm from working with pupils by adhering to statutory responsibilities to check all staff who work with children, taking proportionate decisions on whether to ask for any checks beyond the minimum required, and ensuring volunteers are appropriately supervised. Organisations providing contractors or consultants working on site are asked for assurances that where relevant and required, their staff have been suitably vetted in line with legal requirements.

The School works with external agencies where appropriate including inter-agency working on the part of the DSL and attendance at strategy meetings.

As part of carrying out safe recruitment procedures under KCSIE, members of the teaching and non-teaching staff at the School including part-time staff, temporary and supply staff, and visiting staff, such as musicians and sports coaches are subject to the necessary statutory child protection checks before starting work. For most appointments, an enhanced DBS check with 'barred list' information will be appropriate. A DBS certificate will be obtained from the candidate before or as soon as practicable after appointment. Alternatively, if the applicant has subscribed to it and gives permission, the School may undertake an online update check through the DBS Update Service.

Further to the DBS check, anyone appointed to carry out teaching work will require an additional check to ensure they are not prohibited from teaching by order of the Secretary of State. Further checks will also include a check for information about any teacher sanction or restrictions that an EEA professional regulating authority has imposed. Those undertaking management posts will be subject to prohibition from management of independent schools checks.

All governors, volunteers and contractors working regularly during term-time (such as contract catering staff) are also subject to the statutory DBS checks. Confirmation is obtained that appropriate child protection checks and procedures apply to any staff employed by another organisation and working with the School's pupils at School or on another site.

Should the School develop concerns about an existing staff member's suitability to work with children, it will carry out all relevant checks as if the individual were a new member of staff.

This policy is reviewed by governors annually. Please also refer to the School's Recruitment Policy for further details.



RAISING AWARENESS

Elaine Simpson, is the liaison governor for safeguarding issues. The role of the designated governor is to liaise with the local authority on issues of child protection or in case of allegations against the Head or a member of the Governing Body. The governors, in conjunction with the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL), carry out an annual review of the School's safeguarding policy and procedures with day-to-day issues being delegated to the safeguarding forum, which the designated safeguarding lead attends/h. The governing body is responsible for:

- reviewing the procedures for and the efficiency with which the safeguarding duties have been discharged;
- ensuring that any deficiencies or weaknesses in safeguarding arrangements are remedied without delay; and
- approving amendments to safeguarding arrangements in the light of changing Regulations or recommended best practice.

We recognise that the School plays a significant part in the prevention of harm to our pupils by providing good lines of communication with trusted adults, supported friends and an ethos of protection. We include within this the emotional wellbeing of our pupils and recognise the role school plays in recognising and protecting our children who may be vulnerable to radicalisation or exposed to extremist views.

DESIGNATED SAFEGUARDING LEAD

Each school has a designated safeguarding lead (DSL) They have been fully trained for the demands of the role in child protection and inter-agency working in accordance with the locally agreed procedures and as set out in Annex B of Keeping Children Safe in Education. They are a member of the senior leadership team at our School.

There is also a designated deputy who will have been trained to the same standard as the DSL. Where appropriate one of these trained staff will be the designated DSL for the EYFS.

Belgravia	DSL	Mr Sebastian Hepher	headmaster@eatonsquareschool.com	'0207 931 9469
	DDSL	Mrs Emily Peck	Emily.peck@eatonsquareschool.com	'0207 931 9469
	DSL for EYFS	Ms Zanna Clarke	Zanna.clarke@eatonsquareschool.com	'0207 823 6217
Kensington	DSL	Mrs Patricia Watt	Patricia.watt@eatonsquareschool.com	0207 225 3131
	DDSL	Mrs Hilary Wyatt	Hilary.wyatt@eatonsquareschool.com	0207 225 3131
	DSL for EYFS	Mrs Karen Dapson	Karen.dapson@hydeparkschools.co.uk	0207 262 1190
Mayfair	DSL	Mr John Wilson	John.wilson@eatonsquaremayfair.com	07919 214419
	DDSL	Mrs Lucy Price	Lucy.price@eatonsquaremayfair.com	0207 491 7393
Minerva Education	Safeguarding Lead	Ms Lisa Maynard	Lisa.maynard@minervaeducation.co.uk	

Both the DSL and his/her deputy undergo training at least every two years in order to provide them with the knowledge and skills to carry out their role. Both the DSL and his/her deputy will also attend refresher updated at regular intervals, as required, but at least annually to ensure that they remain conversant with best practice and to keep up with developments relevant to their role. They both have a job description for their safeguarding roles and key activities. The DSL role is to ensure that each member of staff has access to and is aware of and understands the School's safeguarding policy and procedures. Their training meets the requirements of the DfE's 'Keeping Children Safe in Education' (KCSIE). The DSL has ultimate responsibility for safeguarding and child protection in the School. This responsibility should not be delegated.

The DSL and/or the deputy DSL can be contacted at any time for staff in the School to raise or discuss any safeguarding concerns.



The DSL maintains close links with the LSCB for London and reports at least once a year to the governors' on the child protection issues outlined above. The DSL will make prompt contact with children's social care where there are concerns that a child may be in need of help or is at risk of harm. The DSL will also make prompt contact with the Local Authority Designated Officer ("LADO") in relation to allegations against someone working at the School and/or the police if a criminal offence is suspected.

The DSL will liaise with the local authority when necessary and work with other agencies in line with Working Together to Safeguard Children 2015 and attendance at strategy meetings. The DSL will work with partner agencies to seek advice, support and guidance, drawing on multi agency expertise, knowledge and experience to support pupils at risk of harm including emotional and intellectual harm via social media and use of the internet.

The DSL receives focused training to support learning and understanding of the ever changing landscape of safeguarding which is underpinned by legislation and guidance and includes issues such as radicalisation. The DSL will undertake Prevent awareness training to enable them to provide advice and support to staff on protecting children from the risk of radicalisation. The DSL's and the School's focus is to support children in need through seeking early help and/or inter agency working, including using the Team around the Child Approach and/or the Common Assessment Framework.

The School's records on child protection are kept securely, and are separated from routine pupil records. Access is restricted to the DSL, Deputy DSL and the Head.

INDUCTION AND TRAINING

Every new member of staff, including part-timers, temporary, visiting, volunteers and contract staff working in the School, receives appropriate induction training on their responsibilities in being alert to the signs of abuse, bullying or children at risk of radicalisation and on the procedures for recording and referring any concerns to the DSL or the Head and, if required, to the main points of local procedures Westminster Borough Council <http://www.londoncp.co.uk/> or, in certain circumstances, the police. Child Protection training is also given to new governors and volunteers. The particular training arrangements for the prevention of radicalisation are part of the induction training session.

Training in child protection and safeguarding is an important part of the induction process. More detail is set out in our policy on 'Induction of New Staff in Child Protection'. Induction training includes:

- a review of the School's safeguarding policy including the staff code of conduct policy/behaviour policy, and the School's whistleblowing policy; and
- the identity of the DSL.

Training also promotes staff awareness of child sexual exploitation, Prevent (including referrals to Channel programmes), so called 'honour based' violence, forced marriage and female genital mutilation. Training on the early help process and process for making a referral to children's social care and for statutory assessment that may follow a referral (including what role they may be expected to play in such an assessment) will also be provided together with the importance of maintaining an appropriate level of confidentiality whilst at the same time liaising with relevant professionals.

Staff are made aware of the signs, symptoms and indicators of such practices and are required to take action without delay if such a practice is suspected.

All new staff must read and sign to confirm that they have read Part 1 and Annex A of KCSIE and the relevant school policies listed in our Induction of New Staff in Child Protection policy. Temporary staff and volunteers will be provided with the following information Part 1 of KCSIE, Staff code of conduct policy/behaviour policy, and the School's whistleblowing policy. They will also be provided with the details of DSL and Deputy DSL and the Safeguarding Governor.

The Head and all staff receive appropriate safeguarding and child protection training which is regularly updated in line with advice from the School's LSCB Tri Borough (Westminster, Kensington & Chelsea, Hammersmith & Fulham). In addition, the Head and all staff receive safeguarding and child protection updated as required, but at least annually to provide them with relevant skills and knowledge to safeguard children effectively.

The DSL and deputy DSL undergo training at least every two years in order to provide them with the knowledge and skills to carry out their role. Both the DSL and his/her deputy will also receive regular



updates as required, but at least annually to ensure that they remain conversant with best practice and to keep up with developments relevant to their role.

STAFF OBLIGATIONS

All staff in our School are required to notify the School immediately if there are any reasons why they should not be working with children. This includes any staff who are disqualified from childcare or registration including 'by association' i.e. they live in the same household (or someone is employed in their household) as someone who has unspent cautions or convictions for a relevant offence (please see a list of the relevant offences set out here:

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/384712/DBS_referrals_guide_-_relevant_offences_v2.4.pdf). The 'by association' requirement also applies if you live in the same household as or someone is employed in your household who has been disqualified from working with children under the Childcare Act 2006.

The Childcare (Disqualification) Regulations 2009 apply to those providing early years childcare or later years childcare, including before school and after school clubs, to children who have not attained the age of 8 AND to those who are directly concerned in the management of that childcare.

The School takes its responsibility to safeguard children very seriously and any staff member who is aware of anything that may affect his/her suitability to work with children must notify the head immediately. This will include notification of any convictions, cautions, court orders, reprimands or warnings he/she may receive. He/she must also notify the School immediately if he/she is living in a household where anyone lives or works who has been disqualified from working with children or from registration for the provision of childcare.

Staff who are disqualified from childcare or registration, including 'by association', may apply to Ofsted for a waiver of disqualification. Such staff may not be employed in the areas from which they are disqualified, or involved in the management of those settings, unless and until such waiver is confirmed. Please speak to the Head for more details.

PREVENTING RADICALISATION

We recognise that it is a key role of the School to support children and that School may provide stability in the lives of children who may be at risk of harm. We also recognise that our pupils can be vulnerable and exploited by others. Staff will be alert to the signs of vulnerability and/or susceptibilities to any extremist indoctrination.

Staff acknowledge the need for a culture of vigilance to be present in the School to support safeguarding. This includes awareness and sensitivity to attitudinal changes of pupils which may indicate they are at risk of radicalisation and may need help or protection. However, staff acknowledge that there is no single way of identifying an individual who is likely to be susceptible to an extremist ideology and family, friends and online influences can all play a major factor in the radicalisation of young people.

Staff will consider the level of risk to identify the most appropriate referral, which could include reference to Channel or Children's Social Care. Contact details for support and advice on the Prevent Duty can be found below.

The Home Office statutory Prevent duty guidance can be accessed on:

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/445977/3799_Revised_Prevent_Duty_Guidance_England_Wales_V2-Interactive.pdf

The Department for Education non-statutory Prevent duty guidance can be accessed on:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/protecting-children-from-radicalisation-the-prevent-duty>

The Channel General Awareness course can be accessed on the link below:

http://course.ncalt.com/Channel_General_Awareness/01/index.html

The School, in recognition that pupils may be at risk of being drawn into terrorism, carries out appropriate risk assessments (following consultation with local partners, such as the police) of the potential risk in the local area. Such risk assessments are discussed with the Head, DSL and Deputy DSL and governor responsible for safeguarding to ensure the School's safeguarding arrangements



are sufficiently robust to help prevent and protect children from being drawn into terrorism and are regularly revised.

The School's particular training requirements are continued Prevent and Safeguarding Training via twilights and the use of Educare online courses. The technical details of the filters used by the School are managed by Compatibility (external services provider).

VISITING SPEAKERS

The Prevent statutory guidance requires schools to have clear protocols for ensuring that any visiting speakers are appropriately supervised and suitable. The School's responsibility to our pupils is to ensure that they can critically assess the information that they receive as to its value to themselves, and that the information is aligned to the ethos and values of the School and British values.

The School is required to undertake a risk assessment before agreeing to a Visiting Speaker being allowed to attend the School. This will take into account any vetting requirements considered appropriate in the circumstances, and may include a DBS check if relevant.

Visiting speakers will be expected to understand that where appropriate their session should actively promote the British values of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and at no point undermine these. In some cases, the School may request a copy of the Visiting Speaker's presentation and/or footage in advance of the session being provided.

Visiting Speakers, whilst on the School site, will be supervised by a School employee. On attending the School, Visiting Speakers will be required to show original current identification document including a photograph such as a passport or photo card driving licence. The School shall also keep a formal register of visiting speakers retained in line with its Data Protection Policy.

CHILDREN MISSING FROM EDUCATION

A child going missing from education, particularly on repeat occasions, is a potential indicator of abuse or neglect including that a child may be at risk of radicalisation, FGM or forced marriage. Unauthorised absences from school will be managed in accordance with the School's Missing Child Policy.

The School will monitor all pupil absences from school and promptly address concerns about irregular attendance with the parent/carer. A pupil who fails to attend school regularly or has been absent from school without the School's permission for a continuous period of 10 school days or more will be reported to the local authority. For further details on when the School has a duty to report to the local authority, please see the Missing Child Policy and Procedures when a Child is not Collected on Time.

CHILD SEXUAL EXPLOITATION

The School recognises that children who are victims of child sexual exploitation may go missing from education. School staff will be alert to possible indicators of child sexual exploitation and any concerns will be managed in accordance with this policy.

SO-CALLED 'HONOUR BASED' VIOLENCE ('HBV')

So-called HBV can include forced marriage and Female Genital Mutilation ('FGM'). School staff will be alert to possible indicators of HBV. Guidance on the warning signs of HBV can be found on pages 38-41 of the Multi-agency statutory guidance of FGM (<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/multi-agency-statutory-guidance-on-female-genital-mutilation>) and pages 13-14 of the Multi-agency guidelines: Handling case of forced marriage (<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/forced-marriage>).

From October 2015, all teachers (along with social workers and healthcare professionals) have a statutory duty to report to the police where they discover (either through disclosure by the victim or visual evidence) that FGM appears to have been carried out on a girl under 18. Those failing to report such cases will face disciplinary sanctions. It will be rare for teachers to see visual evidence, and they should not be examining pupils.

For the purposes of the mandatory reporting duty, a teacher is someone who undertakes teaching work as follows (including through distance learning or computer aided techniques):



- planning and preparing lessons and courses for pupils;
- delivering lessons to pupils;
- assessing the development, progress and attainment of pupils; and
- reporting on the development, progress and attainment of pupils.

These activities are not teaching work if the person carrying out the activity does so (other than for the purposes of induction) subject to the direction and supervision of a qualified teacher or other person nominated by the head teacher to provide such direction. The mandatory reporting duty will not therefore apply to supervised teaching assistants.

If staff have concerns that FGM has taken place, as well as reporting this to the police, they should also activate local safeguarding procedures using existing and national and local protocols [<https://www.rbkc.gov.uk/subsites/lscb/parents-carers-and-the-public/female-genital-mutilation.aspx>]. Unless the teacher has a good reason not to, they should still consider and discuss any case of FGM with the DSL and involve children's social care as appropriate. Information on when and how to make a report can be found at Mandatory reporting of female genital mutilation: procedural information (<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/mandatory-reporting-of-female-genital-mutilation-procedural-information>)

The local police non-emergency number for Westminster is 101.

SEXTING

The sending of an indecent image can be illegal. A person under 16 is committing an offence if they send an indecent image of themselves and someone passing this on is also distributing an indecent image of a child. The School seeks to protect children from sexting and the significant impact it can have.

Advice for pupils is available at:

<http://www.thinkuknow.co.uk>

<https://www.childline.org.uk/explore/online-safety/pages/sexting.aspx>

Advice for parents is available at:

<http://www.nspcc.org.uk/preventing-abuse/keeping-children-safe/sexting/>

SPECIAL EDUCATIONAL NEEDS AND DISABILITY

All staff also need to be alert to the specific needs of those pupils who have special educational needs and/or disabilities, including young carers. Those with SEND may not outwardly show signs of abuse and/or may have difficulties in communication about abuse or neglect. Staff will support such pupils in expressing any concerns they may have and will be particularly vigilant to any signs or indicators of abuse, discussing this with the DSL as appropriate.

USE OF MOBILE PHONES AND CAMERAS

Neither staff nor children may use their own mobile phones or cameras to take photographs within the School's EYFS setting; nursery and up to Reception year. Please see the School's Managing Images of Children Policy for the School's policy on taking photographs of pupils outside of the EYFS.

ONLINE SAFETY

The School will ensure that:

- appropriate filters and monitoring systems are in place to keep children safe online. The School's Sophos filter aims to reduce the risk of children being exposed to illegal, inappropriate and harmful materials online; reduce the risk of children being subjected to harmful online interaction with others; and help manage online behaviour that can increase a child's likelihood of, or causes, harm;
- children are taught about safeguarding, including online; and
- staff are equipped with the knowledge to safeguard children online by attending online safety training.

The School's E-Safety Policy also sets out the School's approach to online safety.



PROCEDURES FOR DEALING WITH CONCERNS OR SUSPICIONS OF ABUSE OR NEGLECT

The School treats the safeguarding of the pupils in its care as the highest priority and recognises the important role it has to play in the recognition and referral of children who may be at risk. All our school staff are made aware of their duty to safeguard and promote the welfare of children in the School's care. Staff members are alerted to the particular potential vulnerabilities of looked after children. The DSL is the appropriately trained teacher for liaising with virtual school heads for those looked after children in the School.

Eaton Square School recognises that there may also be children who, whilst not suffering harm or at immediate risk, require additional support from external agencies. Where appropriate, the School may consult with the child concerned and their parents regarding a referral to external agencies (such as children's social care). This may lead to a written plan to support a child in need being drawn up or an early help assessment, such as the Common Assessment Framework, being carried out. In either case, the School will liaise and take advice from external agencies as appropriate.

If a member of staff is made aware of any allegation of abuse, or if knowledge of possible abuse comes to his/her attention it is his/her duty to listen to the child, to provide re-assurance and to record the child's statements, but not to probe or put words into the child's mouth. On hearing an allegation of abuse or complaint about abuse directly from a child, a member of staff should limit questioning to the minimum necessary for clarification. Leading questions should be avoided. No inappropriate guarantees of confidentiality should be given; rather the child should be told that the matter will be referred in confidence to the appropriate people in positions of responsibility.

Every member of staff, including part-timers, temporary, visiting, contract and volunteer staff working in School should report any concerns (including those where a pupil may benefit from early help or where it includes alleged abuse by one or more pupils against another pupil) to the DSL and submit an accurate written record of the disclosure or concerns. However, any staff member can make a direct referral to children's social care or other external services such as early help services in accordance with the referral threshold set out by Tri Borough (Westminster, Kensington & Chelsea, Hammermsith & Fulham).

Where staff have concerns that a child is in immediate danger or is at risk of harm a referral should be made to children's social care and/or the police immediately. Anyone can make a referral. If anyone other than the DSL makes a referral, they should inform the DSL that a referral has been made as soon as possible. Staff must share information with children's social care and/or the police where there are any concerns that a child may be at risk of harm or neglect.

If staff members are unsure about whether or not a referral should be made, they should speak to the DSL. The DSL will contact the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO also known as DO) for advice or direction and will inform Ofsted if appropriate.

The DSL will refer all allegations or suspicions of abuse or cases where there is reasonable cause to suspect a child is suffering, or is likely to suffer significant harm, to the local authority designated officer (LADO) within 24 hours.

Borderline cases will be discussed with the LADO without identifying individuals in the first instance and following discussions the LADO will judge whether or not an allegation or concern meet the relevant threshold. The LADO will decide in the circumstances what further steps should be taken. This could involve calling the police.

Where the outcome of a referral is not reported to the referring member of staff or DSL and/or where a child's situation does not appear to be improving, the School will follow this up with the children's social care and push for reconsideration where appropriate. Any member of staff who has concerns that a child's situation does not appear to be improving should press for re-consideration.

Eaton Square School will not do anything that may jeopardise any external investigation. Once the matter has been referred, all further responsibility for gathering information and deciding what happens next will rest with social services and the police.

With regard to the Prevent Duty, Eaton Square School will co-operate with Channel panels and the Police with assessments are being undertaken.



In the case of pupil-on-pupil abuse which Eaton Square School has reported to the LADO and which the LADO or statutory child protection authority decides to investigate further, the matter will be dealt with under the Anti-Bullying Policy after discussion with the LADO.

Where the suspicion or complaint is in relation to terrorism or extremism ideas involving a pupil, staff must firstly raise this with the Head or DSL without delay. The Head or DSL will consult with external agencies, as appropriate in accordance with this policy. Where the level of risk is such that there is an immediate risk of harm or staff have a genuine concern that there is an immediate risk of harm, any member of staff may make a referral directly to children's social care or the police. Eaton Square School will not discuss any concerns in relation to possible radicalisation without first agreeing with children's social care or the police what information can be disclosed.

For children in need of additional support from one or more agencies, Eaton Square School will work closely with the pupil's local Safeguarding Children Board (LSCB) which is the Tri Borough group of Westminster, Kensington & Chelsea, Hammersmith & Fulham. This will be carried out by the School's DSL together with Deputies where appropriate.

Eaton Square School's points of contact for children who are the focus of concern or who are in need of help are as follows:

Schools and Education - Tri Borough (Westminster, Kensington & Chelsea, Hammersmith & Fulham)

Kembra Healy (LADO)

Tri borough Safer Organisations Manager and Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO)

Tel: 0207 641 6108

Email: kembra.healy@lbhf.gov.uk

Anna Carpenter (Tri-Borough Service Manager, Safeguarding)

Tel: 0208 753 5124 Email: anna.carpenter@lbhf.gov.uk

Sarah Mangold Tri-Borough Safeguarding Practice Lead

Tel: 07984 016 841 Email: smangold@westminster.gov.uk

Hilary Shaw (School Specific Tri Borough Lead for Safeguarding in Schools and Education)

Tel: 020 7598 4876

Mob: 07817 365519

Email: hilaryshaw@rbkc.gov.uk

Marissa Asli Bangura – Tri Borough Safeguarding and Education – Liaison and Training Coordinator

Tel: 07739 315 432

Email: Marissa.Aslibangura@rbkc.gov.uk

Tri Borough Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE) – Advice/guidance:

Sarah Stalker – Family Support and Child Protection Adviser (Mon-Weds only)

Tel: 020 7598 4640/07971 322 482

Email: Sarah.Stalker@rbkc.gov.uk

Tri Borough FGM – Advice/guidance:

Gourita Gibbs – Child Protection Advice

Tel: 020 7641 1610

ggibbs@westminster.gov.uk



External Agency Contact Information

Eaton Square School's points of contact for children who are the focus of concern are as above.

Police Emergency – 999

Police Non-Emergency – 101

OFSTED Safeguarding Children

08456 404046 (Monday to Friday from 8am to 6pm) Whistleblowing@ofsted.gov.uk

Eaton Square School's points of contact for children who are in need of help are as follows:

Westminster Childrens' Social Care

Out of Hours - 0207 641 6000

Tri borough Local Authority Designated Officer

Tel: 02076416108

Extremism:

Department for Education dedicated helpline for staff and governors: 020 7340 7264 and counter-extremism@education.gsi.gov.uk

Other useful contacts

Disclosure and Barring Service

PO Box 181, Darlington, DL1 9FA

Tel: 01325 953795

National College for Teaching and Leadership

[Tel: 0345 609 0009]



PROCEDURES FOR MANAGING ALLEGATIONS OF ABUSE AGAINST STAFF, VOLUNTEERS AND THE HEAD

Eaton Square School's procedures for dealing with allegations against any staff member (and volunteers who work with children) aims to strike a balance between the need to protect children from abuse and the need to protect staff and volunteers from vexatious allegations. Eaton Square School will make every reasonable effort to maintain confidentiality and guard against unwanted publicity whilst an allegation is being investigated or considered.

Eaton Square School will liaise with the LADO, police and social services as to managing confidentiality as appropriate. Eaton Square School's procedures for managing allegations against staff (including the Head and DSL) and volunteers follows Departmental guidance and Tri Borough arrangements and apply when staff, including volunteers, have (or alleged to have):

- Behaved in a way that has harmed a pupil, or may have harmed a pupil;
- Possibly committed a criminal offence against or related to a pupil; or
- Behaved towards a pupil in a way that indicated that they would pose a risk of harm if they were to work regularly or closely with children.

Where an allegation or complaint is made against any member of staff or volunteer, the matter should be reported immediately to the Head, or in his / her absence to the Chair. Where appropriate, the Head will consult with the Designated Safeguarding Lead and the allegation will be discussed immediately with the LADO before further action is taken.

Should the allegation be against the Head or School governor the DSL will immediately inform the Chairman of Minerva Education without the Head or School governor being informed first. It will be the Chairman's responsibility to contact the LADO.

If the allegation concerns a member of staff, the Head or a volunteer he/she would normally be informed as soon as possible after the result of any initial investigation authorised or conducted by the LADO is known. Advice will always be sought from the LADO first, however. The School will normally appoint a member of staff to keep the person informed of the likely course of action and the progress of the case.

The outcome of investigation of an allegation will record whether it is substantiated (sufficient evidence either to prove or disprove it), unsubstantiated (insufficient evidence either to prove or disprove it), false (sufficient evidence to disprove it) or malicious (sufficient evidence to disprove it and that there has been a deliberate act to deceive). If it is established that the allegation is malicious, no details of the allegation will be retained on the individual's personnel records. In all other circumstances a written record will be made of the decision and retained on the individual's personnel file in accordance with DfE advice. A copy will only be provided to the individual concerned following consultation with appropriate agencies and agreement has been reached as to what information can be disclosed. Allegations proven to be false, unsubstantiated or malicious will not be included in employer references.

If the LADO or any of the statutory child protection authorities decide to take the case further, any staff member concerned may be suspended if this is felt appropriate. The reasons and justification for suspension will be recorded and the staff member informed of them. Where a member of the residential staff is suspended pending an investigation of a child protection nature, suitable arrangements must be put in place for alternative accommodation away from children. Eaton Square School recognises it has a duty of care to staff but may take action in the event of allegations against staff in accordance with its disciplinary procedures. Eaton Square School will ensure support is in place for individuals facing an allegation and a representative will be appointed to keep the individual informed of progress of the case and to consider what other support is available and appropriate for the individual.

During the course of the investigation the School in consultation with the LADO will decide what information should be given to parents, staff and other pupils and how press enquiries are to be dealt with. In reaching their decision due consideration will be given to the provisions in the Education Act 2011 and in Keeping Children Safe in Education relating to reporting restrictions identifying teachers who are the subject of allegations from pupils.



Allegations against a member of staff who is no longer at Eaton Square School (including historical allegations) should be referred to the police.

Any pupils who are involved will receive appropriate care.

Staff should also have regard to the Staff Behaviour Policy to minimise the risk of allegations being made.

WHISTLEBLOWING

If staff and volunteers have concerns about poor or unsafe practices or potential failures in Eaton Square School's safeguarding regime, these should be raised in accordance with Eaton Square School's Whistleblowing Policy. Concerns regarding the behaviour of colleagues which are likely to put pupils at risk of abuse or other serious harm may be dealt with in accordance with Eaton Square School's Managing Allegations of Abuse against staff procedure (see above). There will be no disciplinary action taken against a member of staff for making such a report provided that it is done in good faith.

If staff and volunteers feel unable to raise an issue with Eaton Square School or feels that their genuine concerns are not being addressed, they may use Safecall (08009151571) or other whistleblowing channels, such as the NSPCC whistleblowing helpline (tel: 08000280285 or email: help@nspcc.org.uk).

EXTERNAL REFERRALS

We follow Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) guidance and procedures regarding referrals and barring decisions and the Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006 and the Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act (Prescribed Criteria and Miscellaneous Provisions) Regulations 2009. Separate to involvement of the LADO, schools have a legal duty to refer to the DBS anyone who has harmed, or poses a risk of harm, to a child, or if there is reason to believe the member of staff has committed one of a number of listed offences, and who has been removed from working (paid or unpaid) in regulated activity, or would have been removed had they not left.

Eaton Square School will make such a referral as soon as possible after the resignation or dismissal of any individual (whether employed, contracted, a volunteer or a student) whose services are no longer used because he or she is considered unsuitable to work with children. This includes dismissal, non-renewal of a fixed term contract, no longer using supply teacher engaged directly or supplied by an agency, terminating the placement of a trainee or volunteer, no longer using staff employed by a contractor and resignation and voluntary withdrawal from any of the above.

Further, or in the alternative, if an investigation leads to the dismissal or resignation prior to dismissal of a member of teaching staff specifically, Eaton Square School will consider making a referral to the National College for Teaching and Leadership (NCTL) as required by sections 141D and 141E of the Education Act 2002 and a prohibition order may be appropriate (because that teacher has displayed unacceptable professional conduct, conduct that may bring the profession into disrepute or a conviction at any time for a relevant offence). The Secretary of State may investigate the case, and if s/he finds there is a case to answer, must then decide whether to make a prohibition order in respect of the person.

Eaton Square School will make a serious incident report to the Charity Commission whenever the Commission's guidelines deem it appropriate to do so.

From October 2015, section 5B of the Female Genital Mutilation Act 2003 placed a statutory duty on teachers along with social workers and healthcare professionals to report to the police where they discover that FGM appears to have been carried out on a girl under 18. Those failing to report such cases will face disciplinary sanctions. Unless the teacher has a good reason not to, they should still consider and discuss any such case with Eaton Square School's designated safeguarding lead and involve children's social care as appropriate.

Should historical allegations of child abuse be made against a teacher who is no longer teaching, Eaton Square School will, in accordance with Keeping Children Safe in Education, report the matter to the police. Similarly, allegations against a teacher who is no longer working at Eaton Square School will also be referred to the police. All allegations of historical abuse should be referred to the Head or DSL straight away.



PARENTS

In general, we believe that parents should be informed about any safeguarding concerns regarding their children. It is important that we are honest and open in our dealings with parents. However, concerns of this nature must be referred to the DSL or the Head who will decide on the appropriate response. In a very few cases, it may not be right to inform them of our concerns immediately as that action could prejudice any investigation, or place the child at further risk. In such cases, advice will be sought from the LADO.

PROMOTING AWARENESS

Eaton Square School's curriculum and pastoral systems are designed to foster the spiritual, moral, social and cultural development of all our pupils. All teaching staff play a vital role in this process, helping to ensure that all pupils relate well to one another and feel safe and comfortable within the School. We expect all the teaching and medical staff to lead by example and to play a full part in promoting an awareness that is appropriate to their age amongst all our pupils on issues relating to health, safety and well-being. All staff, including all non-teaching staff, have an important role in insisting that pupils always adhere to the standards of behaviour set out in our behaviour policy and in enforcing our Anti-Bullying Policy.

Time is allocated in PSHE to discussions of what constitutes appropriate behaviour and on why bullying and lack of respect for others is never right. Assemblies, drama and RE lessons are used to promote tolerance and mutual respect and understanding.

All pupils know that there are adults to whom they can turn to if they are worried. If Eaton Square School has concerns about a child there is always a recognised requirement for sensitive communication and designated staff members are aware of the need to avoid asking leading questions. Our support to pupils includes the following:

- All pupils have access to a telephone helpline enabling them to call for support in private.
- We provide regular lessons to pupils on e-safety and ensure that all pupils understand and adhere to the school's guidelines in this area. For more details on Cyber-Bullying please refer to the school's Anti-Bullying Policy

POSITION OF TRUST

As a result of their knowledge, position and/or the authority invested in their role, all adults working with children and young people in education settings are in positions of trust in relation to the young people in their care. A relationship between a member of staff and a pupil cannot be a relationship between equals. There is potential for exploitation and harm of vulnerable young people and all members of staff have a responsibility to ensure that an unequal balance of power is not used for personal advantage or gratification.

Wherever possible, staff should avoid behaviour which might be misinterpreted by others, and report and record any incident with this potential. Staff should refer Eaton Square School's Staff Handbook which also includes its Social Media Policy.



RECORDS

All concerns, discussions and decisions (with reasons) made in accordance with this policy will be recorded in writing.

MONITORING AND EVALUATION OF THIS POLICY

Eaton Square School monitors and evaluates its safeguarding policy and procedures through the following activities:

- Governing body visits to the School;
- Senior leadership team discussion sessions with children and staff
- Pupil questionnaires
- Frequent scrutiny of attendance data
- Regular analysis of a range of risk assessments
- Regular analysis of appropriate provision for the fulfilment of other safeguarding responsibilities relevant to the School [e.g. sufficient account must be taken of the nature, age range and other significant features of the School, such as historical issues, in the provisions made for safeguarding].
- Termly Safeguarding Forum Meetings
- Logs of safeguarding issues are reviewed monthly by the senior leadership team and the governing body
- Regular review of parental concerns and parental questionnaires
- Regular review of the use of pupil-specific leisure rooms and clubs at lunchtime and after school
- Regular review of training offered to staff, including e-safety training.